

BATLOGGER Manual Firmware version V 2.5

Ultrasonic microphone GPS Antenna <sup>A</sup> LCD display (Key MENU Key ) Key Speaker <sup>A</sup> SD / SDHC card reader Power supply connector 3.5 mm headphone jack



Elekon AG Cheerstrasse 16 CH-6014 Luzern

www.batlogger.com

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# 1 Notes



**Development:** The BATLOGGER was developed in a cooperation of the Swiss Federal Research Institute <u>WSL</u> and the University of Applied Sciences Northwestern Switzerland FHNW, with financial help from the Environmental Research of the Swiss Federal Office for the Environment FOEN.



**Environmental conditions:** The BATLOGGER is housed in a robust synthetic case for measuring devices, ant it is operated through a polyester foil keyboard. With the many openings for GPS, microphone, memory card, charging plug etc., it does only reach imperviousness level IP 30 and therefore is not protected against water. When used in the field, unobserved and for extended periods of time, the logger should be stowed in a waterproof box (Strongbox Part # 212.006 ... 008) or bag, with the microphone externally connected through a cable.



**Microphone / Ultrasonic sensor:** An active electret microphone is used as plug-in ultrasound sensor. Attention has to be payed to a proper fitting of the microphone in its plug. The microphone itself can be damaged by water. It must be protected from rain and extreme humidity, and it requires corresponding positioning. For special recording purposes, the microphone can be connected with the logger through a shielded stereo audio cable of no more than 2 m length.



**Speaker** <sup>A</sup>: The speaker can also be used for monitoring during recording. Depending on environment and volume this may lead to acoustic feedback (loud whistling). In this case, reduce the volume and hold the BATLOGGER further away from reflecting objects such as walls or your own body or use headphones.



**Li-Ion battery:** The internal power is provided by a lithium-ion battery of 3,6 V and 4600 mAh. When transporting and storing several BATLOGGERs together, the corresponding regulations have to be followed.



**Storage media SD – card:** The BATLOGGER uses SD / SDHC /SDXC cards with FAT32 file system as storage media. Test have shown, that cards of different vendors may vary in writing and erasing speed. We refrain from giving recommendations for specific products or vendors, as offered sizes and technologies change constantly, which may also influence card performance.

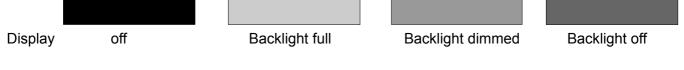


**GPS receiver:** GPS requires a direct line of sight between the receiver and the satellites. If an object is within direct path, the accuracy suffers due to reflections and attenuation of the signals. This is particularly problematic in urban areas, in valleys and on mountain slopes. Even smaller objects (tree cover, roof, human body) can lead to reflections and attenuation. For accurate positioning it is therefore essential to have unobstructed view to the sky.

#### Legende for display illustrations:

On the following pages the operation of the BATLOGGER is explained using symbolic representations of the LCD display. The illustrations are only for the sake of clarity and understanding, and do not necessarily reflect what you see on the device.

Display symbology (default settings) in the following explanations:



# 2 Overview

#### 2.1 General

The BATLOGGER is a data logger, which records ultrasound vocalisations of bats in real-time, and stores them for later processing on a SD / SDHC memory card (real-time recording system).

In a real-time recording system, the ultrasonic signal is digitized directly without change and with high sampling rate. Hereby the BATLOGGER continuously analyses the signal and only stores it to the SD card when bat activity is detected. The Signal is recorded to internal RAM and subsequently, if certain criteria is fulfilled stored, as recording files (sequences of echolocation calls) onto SD card.

Apart from the bat calls, which are stored as WAVE files, additional information is written in text format into a ".xml" file, which stores all the settings of the BATLOGGER at the time of recording, including time, date and location of the recording (GPS data), and the temperature of the logger.

To allow a later overview over all deployments of the BATLOGGER, its operating state is being written to a "LOG" file on the SD card.

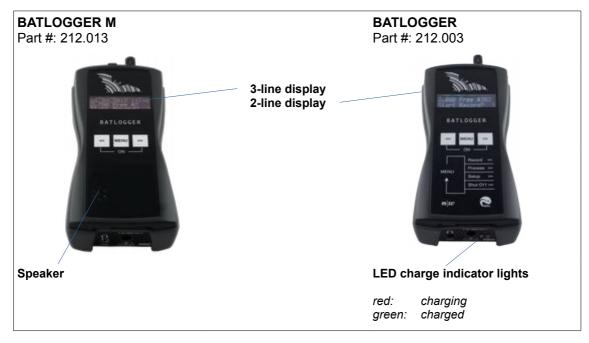
The BATLOGGER is thus especially suitable for autonomous operation and long-term monitoring.

#### 2.2 Device variants

The BATLOGGER is offered in a slightly extended version since the end of 2012 (Model: BATLOGGER M). It additionally includes an integrated mixer for live monitoring of the bat calls during recording. BATLOGGER M has speaker holes on the top, 3-line display and has Part #: 212.013 on the nameplate.

Since mid-2014 BATLOGGER M uses next to GPS also GLONASS satellites to determine position. In these devises, the receiving antenna is located inside the unit.

Since serial number XXXX-2000 BATLOGGER M contains a relay to disconnect power supply during recording. In this manual the term BATLOGGER M and BATLOGGER is used synonymously.



Dry:
BATLOGGER, initial release
BATLOGGER M, live monitoring, 3-line LCD
BATLOGGER M, compatibility with FG black
BATLOGGER M, new GPS module with GLONASS
BATLOGGER M, relay to switch ext. power supply
BATLOGGER M, minimized power consumption during sleep mode

The revision number can be found in the BATREC.log file in the "power on" entry.

### 2.3 Data storage

The audio files are stored on memory card as #\*\*\*\*.wav files (where # = 4 digit serial number of the BATLOGGER), with consecutive numbering (\*\*\*\*). For every #\*\*\*\*.wav file, an #\*\*\*\*.xml file is stored, which contains all parameter settings, date, time, geographic position and temperature at the time of recording of the corresponding WAVE file. Ultrasound data of the microphone are first written to the internal Random Access Memory (RAM) of the BATLOGGER. After termination of a single recording sequences (*Recording...*), the data are stored automatically from RAM to the SD card (*Saving...* #\*\*\*\*.wav). During this storage time (duration depends on file size and card type), the BATLOGGER is blocked.

#### 2.4 Recording

The BATLOGGER can be operated in different ways. As a basic principle, when the logger is in "Record" mode, the signal from the microphone is constantly written to internal RAM (*Sampling...*).

If the BATLOGGER is set for **continuous recording**, the RAM is filled with data and thereafter data are written to the memory card. As the loggers RAM is limited to 32 MB, the length of a single recording sequence can not exceed approx. 53 seconds, but can be set to less. Subsequently this recording sequence will be written as #\*\*\*\*.wav file to the SD card and a new recording will start, thereby overwriting data in RAM. The time required for data storage to the memory card is largely depending on the file size but also on the type of card. In general the writing of the file should require significantly less time than the recording itself.

In **manual recording** the triggering has to be performed through the key pad and may also be stopped this way. If a manual stop does not occur, the recording will stop automatically after a user selectable manual trigger time (default = 10 sec), and the #\*\*\*\*.wav file be written to memory card.

In **automatic recording** the signal from the microphone is constantly monitored and the recording started automatically, when a triggering event is registered (detected ultrasound signal). The duration of such recordings depends on the presence of the triggering criteria. The default setting allow for a recording duration which includes 0.5 seconds before the first and 1 second after the last trigger event (pre- and post-trigger). With the default settings, the shortest recording duration is therefore 1.5 seconds, which corresponds to roughly 1 MB of data on the SD card. To reduce recurring recordings of the same animal, a trigger ignore time can be configured.

#### 2.5 Check and play of recorded #\*\*\*\*.wav files

For immediate control, single stored audio files can be replayed through headphones or speaker<sup>A</sup> in mixer or time expansion mode. Ultrasound signals are transformed to audible range, in time expansion slowed down by a user selectable factor x (default x = 10). A stored sequence therefore requires an x-fold playback time of the original recording to monitor. Only recorded files can be played back and listened to. Additionally recording details of a file such as date, time, length, peak frequency and more can be displayed.

Single recordings on the memory card can also be erased through this mode. Erasing the complete memory card must be achieved by formatting it (Settings menu).

### 2.6 Global positioning and time recording / GPS

The BATLOGGER is equipped with a GPS receiver. Its positioning and time data are stored in parallel to the #\*\*\*\*.wav file in a corresponding #\*\*\*\*.xml file, and into a Google-Earth -.kml file. Further on, the travelled track can be recorded to a GPX file.

If no GPS reception is possible, a manual position can be setup (see page 22). It will then be stored together with the recording data. It is also possible to navigate to this position by using the GPS status display ("Show Status"). There the distance and heading from the current position to the manual position is displayed continuously (find starting point again, Geocaching, ...).

### 2.7 Recording the mode of operation of the BATLOGGER

For later control of a BATLOGGER's state, its mode of operation is sequentially written to memory card into a separate "log"-File (BATREC.log). This "BATREC.log" file is constantly added to, and will not be overwritten. However, formatting the SD card will also erase this log file.

#### 2.8 Accessories

#### 2.8.1 SD card



- For data storage a removable SD / SDHC / SDXC card up to 128 GB card size is used (32 MB to 128 GB tested). When the term "SD card" is used, always an SD / SDHC / SDXC card is meant. The card must be formatted as FAT32.
- SD cards larger than 32 GB (SDXC cards) may be formatted with exFAT upon delivery and must be formatted by the BATLOGGER with FAT32 before use. To do this insert the SD card into the BATLOGGERs memory card slot and turn it on the BATLOGGER. You will be asked whether the card should be formatted. Press » to format and confirm with « ».

CAUTION: All data on the SD card will be deleted.

- The SD card must be inserted into the memory card slot until it clicks into place before turning on the BATLOGGER. To remove the SD card, turn off the BATLOGGER and press the SD card in gently. The SD card pops out and can be removed.
- SD cards may have a write protect switch that prevents writing to the cards when the switch is on LOCK.
- A recent version of BATPARS Editor software (Windows and Mac) is stored on the included SD card. The
  executable file is in directory Software/BATPARS and can be started from there directly. Installation is not
  required.
- A recent version of BatExplorer PC software is stored on the included SD card. It must be installed on the computer before first use. It can be found in the directory Software/BatExplorer.

#### 2.8.2 Ultrasonic microphone



As ultrasonic sensor a pluggable active electret microphone is used. The microphone must be plugged into the corresponding microphone jack on top of the device before use. Please make sure the microphone is plugged in completely until dead stop to ensure maximum contact.

Different microphone types can be used:

- Ultrasonic microphone (Part # 212.215)
- MEMS-Electret technology, omnidirectional
- A THE AN

Ultrasonic microphone FG black (Part # 212.233) Electret condenser technology, omnidirectional, good weather resistance When using it with a BATLOGGER (Part # 212.003) <sup>A</sup>, an extension cable (see below) must be used. With a BATLOGGER M (Part # 212.013) this is not needed.

If the microphone is damaged, it can be replaced with a new, functional replacement microphone (Part # 212.215 or Part # 212.233).

#### 2.8.3 Microphone extension (optional)



For special recordings a commercially available, shielded audio cable (stereo) up to about 2m length may be inserted between BATLOGGER and microphone (Microphone extension Part # 212.004).

#### 2.8.4 Extension kit green 100m (optional)



In order to record at greater distance to the BATLOGGER the extension kit green 100m can be used instead of the supplied microphone. The special microphone FG green can be located up to 100 meters away. For example, it is possible to attach the microphone on the top of a measuring mast, while the BATLOGGER can be placed protected and easily accessible on the ground.

(Extension kit green 100 Part # 212.015)

1. Insert the cables plug into the microphone jack of the BATLOGGER

- 2. If needed: Loosen the grounding wire from the cable, strip and contact it with appropriate means to ground.
- 3. Insert the ultrasonic microphone FG green into the protective tube. Make sure the microphone is plugged in completely until dead stop to ensure maximum contact.
- 4. Place and fasten the protective tube at the recording location. The protective tube may not be placed with the opening upwards, as otherwise rain or moisture can collect in the tube and the microphone may be damaged. It is advised to install it horizontally or with the opening slightly downwards.

If used together with a StrongBox (see below), the cables plug must be inserted into the protective tube of the StrongBox.

#### 2.8.5 Headphones (optional)



To listen to recordings a standard headphone with 3.5mm plug is used (Part # 212.012). Plug your headphone into the headphone jack and adjust the volume to a comfortable level in the Setup menu (see also below).

## 2.8.6 Strongbox (optional)

The Strongbox (Part # 212.006 .. 008) provides long-term surveillance and monitoring of bat habitats. It protects the BATLOGGER against weather and allows to run it independently up to 19 nights.



Before using the Strongbox its battery must be fully charged with the special charger supplied.



Only the charger supplied must be used with the Strongbox, not the BATLOGGER power supply. Please refer to the instructions of the charger.

Using the BATLOGGER with the Strongbox:

- 1. Remove the ultrasonic microphone from the BATLOGGER.
- 2. Plug in the power plug of the Strongbox into the power supply connector of the BATLOGGER.
- 3. Plug in the microphone extension cable into the microphone jack of the BATLOGGER.
- 4. Plug in the ultrasonic microphone into the protective tube of the microphone extension. Make sure the microphone is plugged in completely until dead stop to ensure maximum contact. To remove the microphone from the protective tube, insert the included hose through the microphone and pull the hose with the microphone out of the tube gently.
- 5. Place the BATLOGGER into the Strongbox.
- 6. Turn on the BATLOGGER and put it into record mode. Settings to trigger and recording time windows are shown below.
- Close the Strongbox. The microphone extension cable must be clamped into the provided opening of the Strongbox on the blue-clad parts of the cable. Take care that the Strongbox is closed completely to ensure proper sealing.

# 3 Preparation

#### 3.1 Battery charging

Upon delivery the battery of the BATLOGGER may not be fully charged. Please charge the battery before first use.

- 1. Connect the supplied AC adapter to the BATLOGGER's power supply connector.
- 2. Plug the AC adapter into a power outlet.
- 3. Charging begins when the charging indicator lights red or, for BATLOGGER M, "charging..." is displayed.
- 4. Charging is complete when the charging indicator turns green or, for BATLOGGER M, "charged" is displayed. The charging time can take several hours, depending on the state of charge.

Note: The BATLOGGER can also be operated with the AC adapter connected to e.g. extend the operation time.

#### 3.2 Adjusting parameters

Basically the BATLOGGER can be used directly with factory settings. For some applications such as long-term monitoring parameters must be adapted accordingly.

Ideally, adjusting BATLOGGER parameters should take place before use, directly on a PC or Mac.

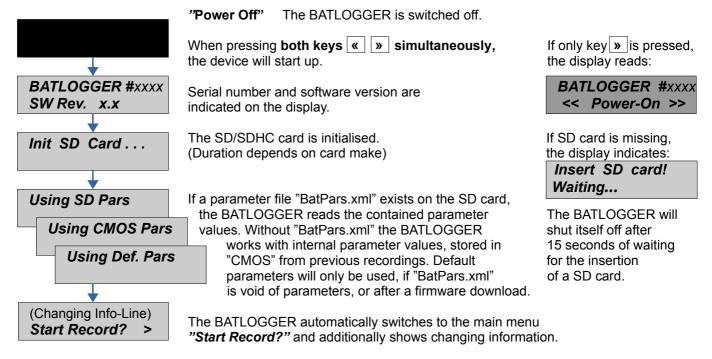
- Insert the supplied SD card into the memory card reader of your computer and start the BATPARS editor software directly from the SD card.
- 2. Open the file "BATPARS.xml" which is stored in the root directory of the SD card by clicking the "Open..." button.
- Change parameters as needed.
   e.g. set capture time window (schedule) for long-term monitoring and directly check programmed times in advance.
- 4. Save the parameter file by clicking \*Save\*. The parameters are now on the SD card.
- 5. Close the BATPARS editor software with "Close".
- 6. Insert the SD card now in the BATLOGGER. The parameters are now loaded at startup.

See also on page 22 and page 34.

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<ul> <li>SD Disk (R:)</li> <li>Manuals</li> <li>Software</li> <li>BatExplo</li> <li>BATPAR:</li> </ul>	s	•	a BA	TPARSEditor.app TPARSEditor.exe 배				
BATLOGGER BATPARS Ed	itor					1	- 0	Σ
NATLOGGER BATPARS.xml Loc					01	pen	New	
Run for x days:		5	E.	Interval [min.]:	•	0	F.	
T1 Start:	Sunset 💌	-00:15		T1 Stop:	Sunrise	• 00:00	8 1	
T2 Start:	Fixed •	00:00	_	T2 Stop:	Fixed	• 00:00		
F1: (@11.02.2014)	18:30 - 08:30			T2:	n/a			
trigger								
Pre-Trigger time [ms]:	٠ .	00	÷.	Post-Trigger time [ms]:	4	1000	•	
Auto Trigger max time [ms]:	< 20	000	•	Manual Trigger max time [ms]:	4	10000	•	
Mode:	Period		-	Record:	🔽 autor	natically		
ProdVal:	•	8	F.	DivVal:	•	20	۲	
Rudio								
Volume:	•	5	F.	Monitoring (Mixer):	On Auto	,	•	
Playback Mode:	Mixer		•	Playback Speed:	4	10	P.	
Location / GPS								
GPS:	Enabled		•	GPS Format:	WGS84		•	
	4	10		Timezone: UTC (GMT)	4	2		

# 4 Switching the BATLOGGER on and off (with main menu and info lines)

# 4.1 Activating the BATLOGGER



#### Main menu with info lines

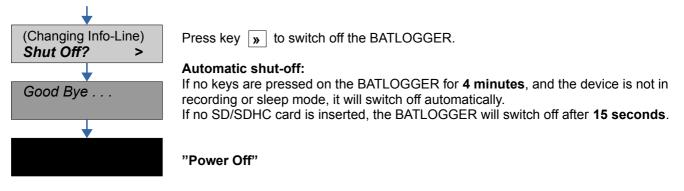
Main menu points:

cycles through the following information: Recording (Changing Info-Line) (see page 12) Serial number, temperature and #1021 25°C Start Record? charging state of the internal battery. xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx Menu Process Free memory on the SD card 3.4GB Free #123 (Changing Info-Line) and last saved file number. XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX **Process File?** (see page 18) Date (DD.MM.YYYY) and time (hh:mm) Menu 10.06.2009 15:30 after GPS satellite contact. (Changing Info-Line) Settings Setup? (see page 21) No GPS (0 view) No GPS satellites in contact. Menu Reception from 4 satellites / accuracy. 4 Sats 3D (11.8m) X (Changing Info-Line) Switching off Indication of coordinates on GPS X 662217 / 211655 (format depending on settings) Shut Off? X GPS Switched Off GPS disabled through setup. MENU XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX Back to "Start Record?"

During idle operation, the first line(s) of the display

#### 4.2 Shutting the BATLOGGER off (manual and automatically)

Press key Menu in the main menu until "Shut Off?" appears.



## 4.3 Device lock (Theft protection)

If device lock is enabled (see page 22), on device start-up or wakeup, the correct PIN must be entered before the device can be used.

The device lock can be used to prevent manipulations on a running unattended device or to leave the device unusable and thus unattractive for possible thieves.



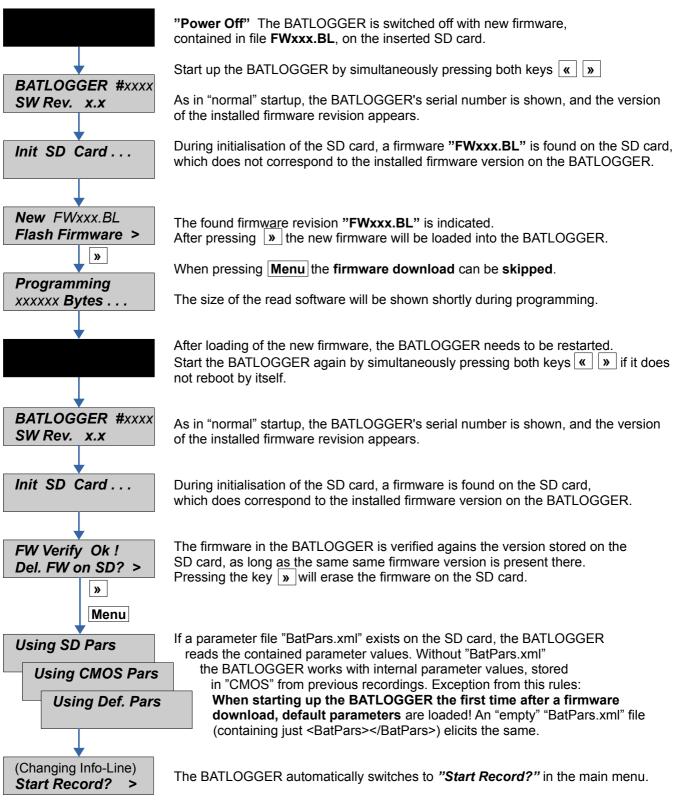
Use the keys **《 》** to change the digit between "<" ">". Press **Menu** key to switch to the next digit or to delete the digit on the left with <←>. Press the key **Menu** to switch to enter the PIN with <,->.

When the correct PIN was entered, the device will start up as usual.

When an incorrect PIN was entered, the device will turn off. After 5 incorrect attempts, the device is blocked and needs to be unblocked with the PUK (Personal unblock key). Contact Elekon AG to get the PUK.

#### 4.4 Download of new firmware when starting up

Download possible new firmware version from the BATLOGGER-Homepage <u>www.batlogger.com</u> and copy it to the SD card.

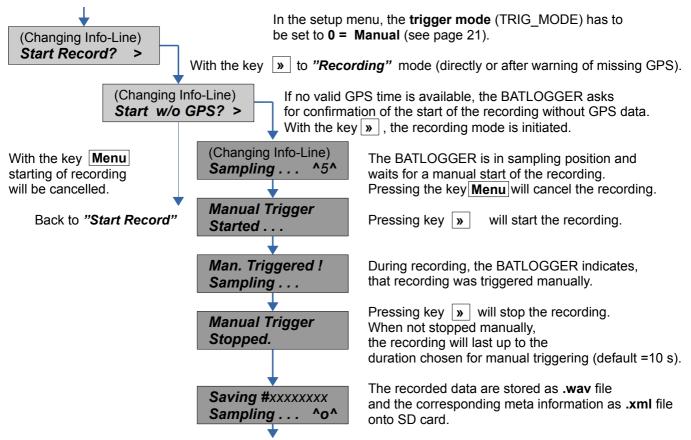


# 5 Record (bat calls)

- Recording with automatic and manual trigger
- Continuous recording
- Recording in preset time windows

#### 5.1 *Manual Trigger* (*Triggering recording by keystroke*)

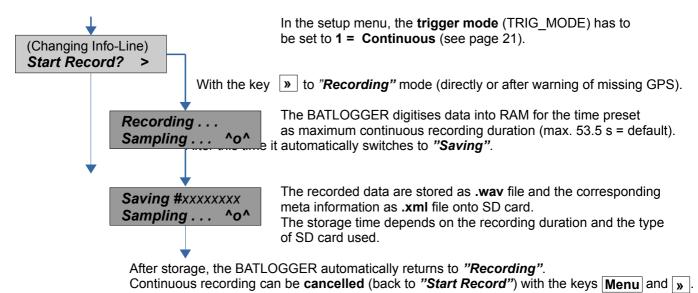
Proceed with key Menu in the main menu to "Start Record".



After storage of both data files, the BATLOGGER will switch back to the menu **"Sampling"**. Manual recording can be **cancelled** (back to **"Start Record"**) with the keys **Menu** and **w** 

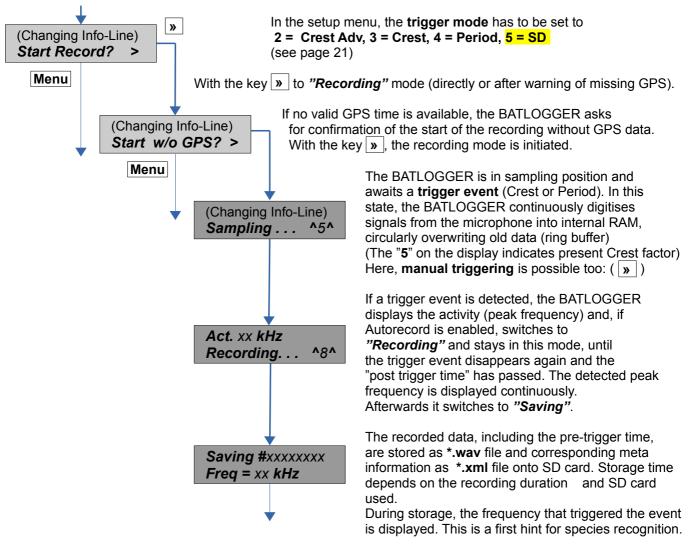
#### 5.2 Continuous Trigger (Continuous recording)

Proceed with key Menu in the main menu to "Start Record".



#### 5.3 Automatic Trigger ("Automatic" recording)

Proceed with key Menu in the main menu to "Start Record".



After storage, the BATLOGGER automatically returns to "Sampling". Automatic recording can be cancelled (back to "Start Record") with the keys MENU and ».

#### 5.4 Live monitoring <sup>A</sup>

Is the BATLOGGER in record mode and live monitoring function is enabled (see page 22) the ultrasonic sounds are output live on the speaker or headphones. Here, the bat calls are transformed into audible range after the mixer-principle (heterodyne).

The volume can be adjusted during operation.

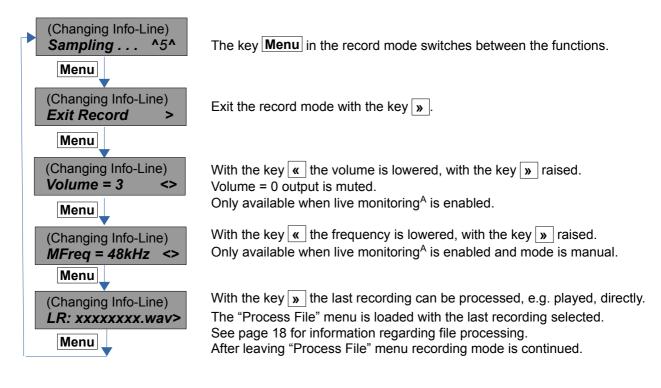
The are two methods to use the live monitoring:

Automatic The mixer is adapted automatically and continuously to the currently detected frequency of the calling bat. Reset frequency: With the <u>«</u> key the mixer frequency can be reset to 48kHz at any time. This is handy to minimize noise or feedback loops that can occur at low frequencies. Squelch: To improve the hearing experience, an automatic muting/unmuting (squelch) can be configured (see chapter 7.2). The output is muted as long as no trigger event is detected.

Manual

The mixer frequency can be set manually.

#### 5.5 Menu functions in record mode

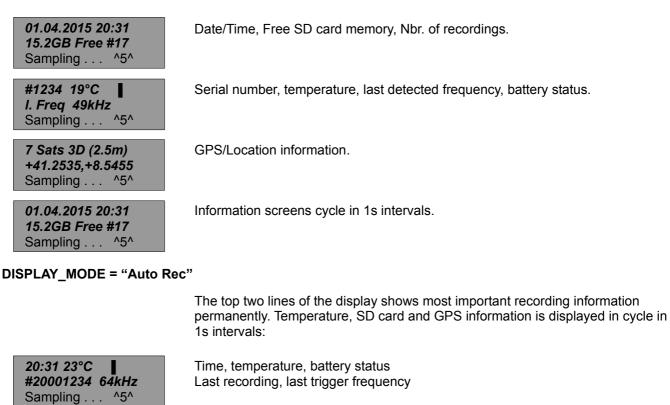


#### 5.6 Information displayed in record mode <sup>A</sup>

The top two lines of the display shows different information, depending on the configured display mode (only available on devices with 3-line display).

#### DISPLAY\_MODE = "Auto All"

The top two lines of the display shows different information screens in cycle:



Time, SD card storage % used, battery status Last recording, last trigger frequency

Time, GPS status information, battery status Last recording, last trigger frequency

#### **DISPLAY\_MODE = "Auto GPS"**

20:31 SD:12%

#20001234 64kHz

Sampling . . . ^5^

#20001234 64kHz

Sampling . . . ^5^

20:31 3D 7SU

The top two lines of the display shows most important location information permanently. Temperature, recording and SD card information is displayed in cycle in 1s intervals:

**20:31 23°C No GPS Fix** Sampling . . . ^5^

**20:31 #123 3 Sats in view** Sampling . . . ^5^

**20:31 64kHz 7 Sats 3D (2.5m)** Sampling . . . ^5^

**20:31 SD:12%** +41.2535,+8.5455 Sampling . . . ^5^ Time, temperature, battery status No GPS location fix yet

Time, recording count, battery status GPS satellites in view but still no location fix yet

Time, last trigger frequency, battery status GPS satellites used for 3D location, location accuracy

Time, SD card storage % used, battery status current location coordinates

#### **DISPLAY\_MODE = "Custom"**

The information displayed can be freely configured by the user. To change this configuration, the BATPARS-Editor software must be used (see chapter 3.2).

The format of the two top lines can be setup to fit your needs. Two string parameters (see chapter 7.2) are used to define the format of each line. For each information field, a two digit code is used as a placeholder. To separate the fields, any or no characters can be used.

The syntax is as follows (parameters in brackets {} are optional):

{SEPARATOR} {FIELDCODE} {SEPARATOR} {FIELDCODE} ...

SEPARATOR none to multiple non-numeric ASCII characters, except '<', '>'

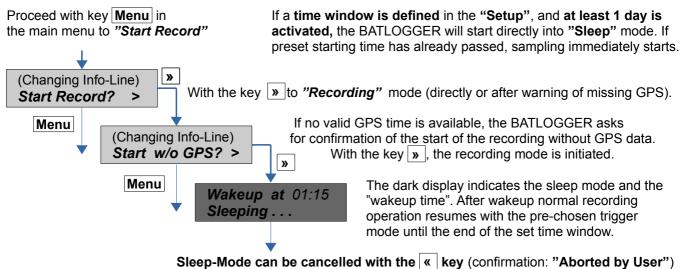
FIELDCODE Two digit field code from the following table:

FieldCode	Description	Format	Length
01	Date	DD.MM.YYYY	10
02	Time	HH:MM	5
03	Temperature [°C]	123	3
04	Battery status	СВ	2
10	Last trigger freq [kHz]	123	3
11	Rec count since start	1234	4
12	Last recording file	20001234	8
13	Last recording number	1234	4
14	SD card free space [GB]	12.3	4
15	SD card % used	12	2
20	GPS status short	3D	2
21	GPS status long	NF 10SV	7
22	Location WGS84/CH1903	+12.123,+123.123	16
23	GPS speed/heading/altitude	NE 1.2km/h 123m	16

#### Examples:

<b>20:31 23°C 1234</b> <b>64kHz #20001234</b> Sampling ^5^	DMCUSTOM_L1: DMCUSTOM_L2:	02 03°C 11 10kHz #12
64KHz SD:12% #20001234 20:31 Sampling ^5^	DMCUSTOM_L1: DMCUSTOM_L2:	10kHz SD:15% 04 #12 02
#1234 12.3G 3D +12.123,+123.123 Sampling ^5^	DMCUSTOM_L1: DMCUSTOM_L2:	11 14G 2004 22

#### 5.7 Delayed recording (Recording in time windows)



The time windows can be configured flexibly. The times can also be set dynamically by the position of the sun (sunrise and sunset).

Example:

- Nr. Days = 2
- T1 Start = 20:30 (Sunset)
   T1 Stop = 01:30
- T2 Start = 04:00 T2 Stop = 07:30 (Sunrise + 15min)

– Switch on – Device – Start – Record mode																								Device switches	5
main Menu			cord m e windo			sleep	o mode			rd mo vindo		sleep	p mode			cord m e wind			slee	p mod	le	Reco Time v	rd moo windov		Off
01.07.2012 19:00+	2 0	<u> </u>	01.07.2012 23:00	02.07.2012 00:00	02.07.2012 01:00	02.07.2012 02:00	.07.2012	02.07.2012 04:00 ++	02.07.2012 05:00	02.07.2012 06:00	02.07.2012 07:00	02.07.2012 08:00	:: 02 2012 20:00	.07.2012	02.07.2012 22:00	02.07.2012 23:00	03.07.2012 00:00	03.07.2012 01:00	03.07.2012 02:00	03.07.2012 03:00	03.07.2012 04:00	03.07.2012 05:00	03.07.2012 06:00	03.07.2012 07:00	03.07.2012 08:00

#### 5.8 Interval recording (Recording in intervals)

As with time delayed recording time windows have to be defined and a number of days must be set. When also a recording interval is entered, then the BATLOGGER switches to record mode at the start time, but only for a single recording or max. for one minute.

Then further recordings are blocked for the programmed number of minutes ("RecIntvl" / default = 0 = off). This is followed by another record mode. This interval operation continues to the end of the time window. For this interval operation the various trigger modes can be used.



										mode ndow 1										
	Ready to reco	ord		Red	cording	blocked			Re	eady to	o record	1		Re	cordi	ng bloc	ked			
00.10	B	21:01	+ +	21:02 +	+ +	21:03	_		21:04			21:05	+ +	 21:06		+ +	21:07	 	0.10 00	Q0.12

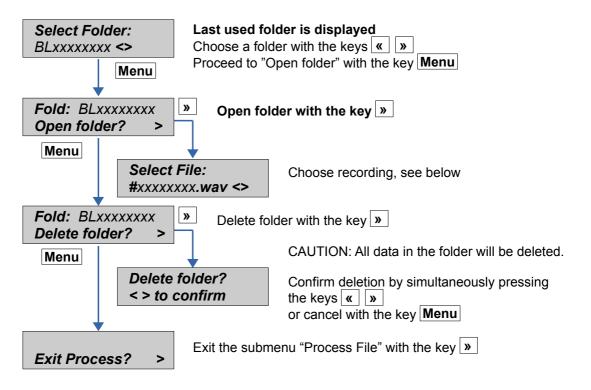
• Rec Intervall = 3

## 6 **Process** (*Playback, analyse and erase stored wav files*)

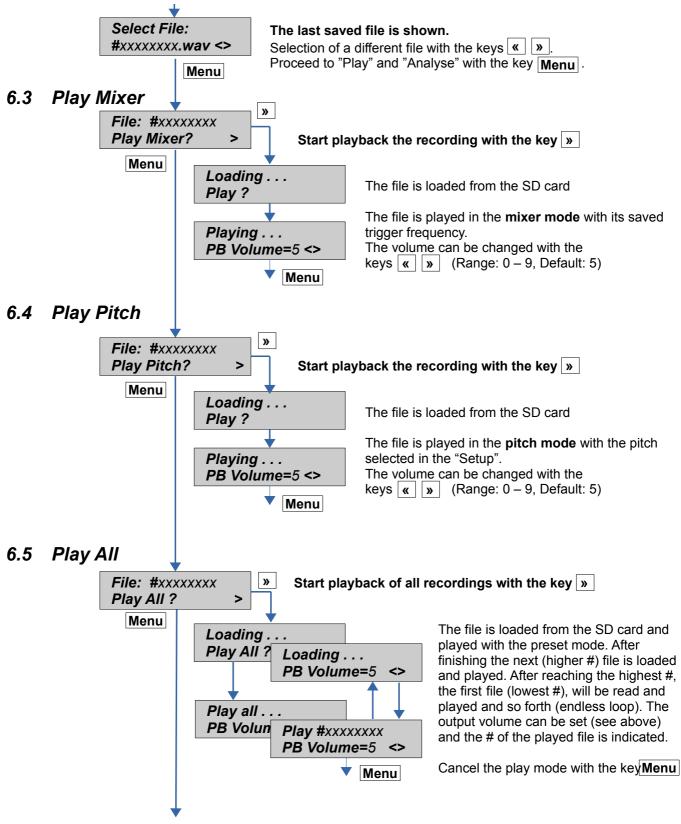
Proceed with key Menu in the main menu to "Process File".



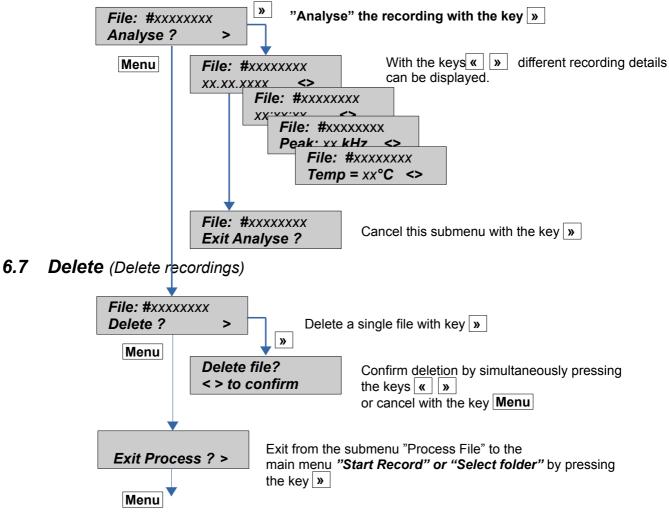
### 6.1 Choose folder (if used)



## 6.2 Choose Recording



#### 6.6 Analyse



Proceed in the submenu "Process File" with key Menu (back to menu point "Select File").

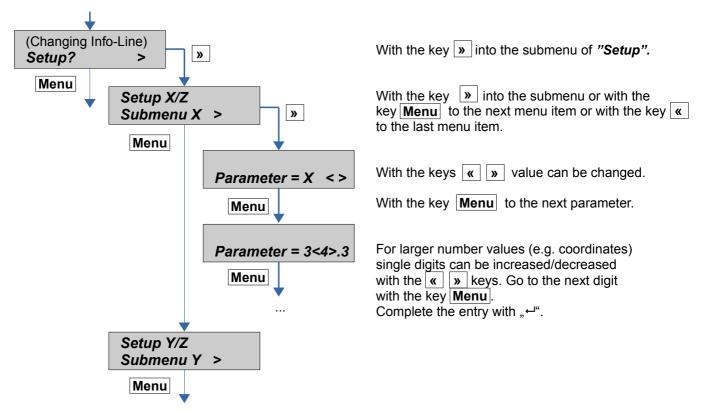
# 7 Setup (Settings)

Set parameters for

- Recording time windows (delays), triggers
- GPS, backlight, time zone and audio
- SD card and parameter file

## 7.1 Operation

Proceed with key Menu in the main menu to "Setup?"



To exit the setup menu the last menu item ("Exit Setup") must be selected.

# 7.2 Setup-Menu

Menu		Description	Default
Setup 1/7 Delay Record		<b>Timing</b> (delay) of the recordings (Program 1 or 2 time slots per day for a programmed number of days)	
	Nr. Days	Enter the number of days (0999) on which the time windows (one or both) are performed. 0 = time control (delay) disabled	0
		Example: 30 For a maximum of 30 days, recording is performed during the configured time slot (see below)	
	T1 Start Mode	Mode 1. start time         0 = Fixed:       Fixed time         1 = Sunset:       Time of sunset         at location of LOC_LAT/LOC_LON of the respective day         2 = Sunrise:       Time of sunrise         at location of LOC_LAT/LOC_LON of the respective day	0
	T1 Start	1. start time Depending on the mode: time or difference (in 15 minute steps) Example: Fixed 20:30 Start 1. time window at 20:30	00:00
	T1 Stop Mode	Mode 1. stop time         0 = Fixed:       Fixed time         1 = Sunset:       Time of sunset         at location of LOC_LAT/LOC_LON of the respective day         2 = Sunrise:       Time of sunrise         at location of LOC_LAT/LOC_LON of the respective day	0
	T1 Stop	1. stop time Depending on the mode: time or difference (in 15 minute steps) Example: Fixed 01:00 Stop 1. time window at 01:00	00:00
	T2 Start Mode	Mode 2. start time 0 = Fixed: Fixed time	0

	1 = Sunset:       Time of sunset at location of LOC_LAT/LOC_LON of the respective day         2 = Sunrise:       Time of sunrise at location of LOC_LAT/LOC_LON of the respective day	
T2 Start	<ul> <li>2. start time</li> <li>Depending on the mode: time or difference (in 15 minute steps)</li> <li>Fixed 00:00 = 2. time slot disabled</li> <li>Example: Sunrise -02:30</li> <li>Start 2. time window 2:30h before sunrise</li> </ul>	00:00
T2 Stop Mode	Mode 2. stop time         0 = Fixed:       Fixed time         1 = Sunset:       Time of sunset         at location of LOC_LAT/LOC_LON of the respective day         2 = Sunrise:       Time of sunrise         at location of LOC_LAT/LOC_LON of the respective day	0
T2 Stop	<ul> <li>2. stop time</li> <li>Depending on the mode: time or difference (in 15 minute steps)</li> <li>Fixed 00:00 = 2. time slot disabled</li> <li>Example: Sunrise +00:30</li> <li>Stop 2. time window 30min after sunrise</li> </ul>	00:00
Rec Intervall	Interval time between single recordings (in one minute steps) Example: 3 After a recording at least 3 minutes no new recording is started (triggered)	0

Setup 2/7 Trigger			<b>Trigger settings</b> Set the trigger mode, that is how a recording is started	
	TRIG_MODE:		Choose trigger mode:         0 = Manual:       start and stop recording need manual key input (autom. stop after "MANTRIG MAXTIME")         1 = Continuous: continuous recording of blocks of default 53 seconds duration (interrupt for storage).         2 = Crest Adv:       automatic triggering with Crest factor, enhanced call detection and reduce noise sensitivity (manual triggering possible to override automatism)         3 = Crest:       automatic triggering with Crest factor (manual triggering possible to override automatism)         4 = Period:       automatic triggering with Period algorithm (manual triggering possible to override automatism)         5 = SD:       automatic triggering on periodic signal (manual triggering possible to override automatism)	2
	TRIG_AUTOREC		0 = Manual:A trigger event does not start recording. The recording must be started and stopped manually, but the trigger frequency is displayed.1 = Auto:A trigger event automatically starts the recording and recording automatically stops when trigger conditions are no longer met.	1
	POSTTRIG_IGNO	RE_S	Ignore same frequency for n seconds after last recording 03600 (0 = off) Example: 60 After a recording was made, for the next 60s trigger events with the same frequency (+/- 5 kHz) are ignored and no new recording is started. Other frequencies trigger as usual.	0
	TRIG_MODE: Crest Adv	Min. Crest	Minimal Crest factor as trigger condition Lower values trigger easier	7
		Min. F	Minimal frequency for trigger condition in kHz	15
		Max. F	Maximal frequency for trigger condition in kHz	155
	TRIG_MODE: Crest	Min. Crest	Minimal Crest factor as trigger condition Lower values trigger easier	6
		Min. RMS	Factor for minimal effective value as trigger condition Lower values trigger easier	2
		Min. Peak	Factor for minimal amplitude as trigger condition Lower values trigger easier	2

	HP	Factor for the lowest frequency, that still may elicit a trigger event (Factor times 1,22 kHz)	6
TRIG_MODE: Period	ProdVal	Period-Trigger: ProdVal Higher values improve triggering at low frequencies, but also insects, and vice versa.	8
	DivVal	Period-Trigger: DivVal Higher values improve triggering at low frequencies, but also insects, and vice versa.	20
PRETRIG_TIME_MS		Pre-trigger length in ms 05000	500
(only changeable via	BATPARS.XML)	Length ahead of the trigger event that is saved from the buffer to the recording file.	
POSTTRIG_TIME_M	S	Post-trigger length for automatically triggered recordings in ms 010000	1000
(only changeable via	BATPARS.XML)	If no trigger event is detected during this time, the recording will be stopped.	
AUTOTRIG_MAXTIM	E_MS	Maximal length for automatically triggered recordings in ms 053500	20000
(only changeable via	BATPARS.XML)	The recording is stopped when reaching maximal length even trigger event are detected.	
MANTRIG_MAXTIME	_MS	Maximal length for manually triggered recordings in ms 053500	53500
(only changeable via	BATPARS.XML)	The recording is stopped when reaching maximal length even if the stop key (>>>) is not pressed.	
TRIG_NRBLOCKS		Number of blocks that must meet trigger criteria in order to trigger 110	2
(only changeable via	BATPARS.XML)		

Setup 3/7 Audio		Audio settings	
	Volume	Headphones/Speaker <sup>A</sup> -Volume 0 = mute 9 = very loud	2
		ATTENTION: Too high volume can cause hearing loss, particularly using the headphones	
	Monitoring	Live monitoring (mixer output) <sup>A</sup> 0 = Off: Live monitoring disabled 1 = On Auto: Live monitoring enabled, frequency is set automatically 2 = On Manual: Live monitoring enabled, frequency must be set manually	0
	Squelch <sup>A</sup>	Automatic muting of live monitoring after n seconds 060 (0 = Off)	0
		Example: 3 If no trigger event happens for 3 seconds, the audio output is muted. On the next trigger event, it is unmuted automatically.	
	PB Mode	Playback mode0 = Pitch:playback slowed down with PB Speed factor1 = Mixer:playback mixed with peak frequency of the recording	1
	PB Speed	Playback speed 1: real-time 2: half speed etc.	10
		Example: 10 The recordings are played slowed down 10 times (time expansion and frequency division). Thus the ultrasonic sounds are audible (e.g. 45 kHz -> 4.5 kHz)	
		The real-time playback enables the output of the original ultrasonic sounds. This can be useful for demonstration purpose for example. Pay attention to connect a speaker with appropriate ultrasound capability.	
	Microphone-test mode	Mode used when "Test Microphone" function is executed.0 = Manual:Record the current (silent) spectrum and write it to the log file1 = Automatic(tbd)	0
	Test Microphone	Execute microphone test with selected mode (see above)	

Setup 4/7 Location / GPS		Position and GPS settings			
	Show Status	Displays the current status of GPS reception and information about the current location and the received satellites. Switch the displayed information with the keys () or exit with the key Menu.			
		<ul> <li>Fix status, approx. accuracy in meters (radius), actual position</li> <li>Hight above sea level, speed and heading</li> <li>HDOP and VDOP</li> <li>Sunset and sunrise at actual location at today's date</li> <li>Satellites in view, SNR and PRN of the five strongest satellites</li> <li>Distance and direction to position of LOC_LAT/LOC_LON</li> </ul>			
	GPS Mode	Set position determination mode       0 = Off:       position determination disabled         1 = On:       position determination enabled         2 = On w/GPX track:       position determination and track recording (GPX) enabled         3 = Off w/ManLoc:       position determination disabled, position of LOC_LAT/LOC_LON is stored as recording position into the XML file         4 = Off w/StartLoc:       position determination disabled, position of LOC_LAT/LOC_LON is updated when start recording mode and stored as recording position into the XML file	1		
		Example: 0 GPS off for the lowest possible power consumption or because reception is not possible, such as in caves.			
	Coord.Fmt	Coordinates display format to display current location 0 = WGS84: (e.g., 47.052804 / 8.257801) 1 = CH1903: (e.g., 662240 / 211632)			
	TZ	Set time zone Deviation to UTC in hours Example: +2 Daylight savings time in Zurich (CH)			
	GPS_INTERVAL	Interval of position determination in seconds Lower values = more frequent position determination, higher power consumption Higher values = less frequent position determination, lower power consumption	10		
L		Note: While recording, the position determination is paused for performance reasons.			

Set manual location	<ul> <li>Enter manual location (coordinates)</li> <li>This location is used: <ul> <li>To calculate sunset and sunrise</li> <li>As recording position in GPS mode 3 (Off w/Loc)</li> <li>To calculate distance and direction in the GPS status view</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
LOC_LAT	Latitude, in WGS84 or CH1903 (dep. Coord. Fmt)	47.2
LOC_LON	Longitude, in WGS84 or CH1903 (dep. Coord. Fmt)	7.4
Set currer	location The coordinates of the current position are stored as manual location	
Reset module	Reset the GPS module to factory defaults. A reset may help if no position fix can be achieved even after a long time trying.	

Setup 5/7 SD Card		SD card setup	
	Folder_MODE	Store recording in folders0 = None:No folders used, all data is stored in the root folder of the SD card1 = Daily:Use a new folder daily (12:00 – 12:00): BLyyyymmdd2 = Weekly:Use a new folder weekly (Mo 12:00 – Mo 12:00): BLyyyWww3 = Monthly:Use a new folder monthly (1. 12:00 – 1. 12:00): BlyyyymmExample: 1Recordings (WAV, XML, GPX, KMZ) are stored into a separate folder each nightFolder "BL20130802" contains data of the night from 2. to the 3. August 2013Folder "BL20130803" contains data of the night from 3. to the 4. August 2013etc.The folder is changed each day at noon (12:00)	0
	STATUS_MODE	BLWiFi status0 = Off:Disabled1 = On:Enabled, BLWiFi can display the actual state if a connection is established	0
	Write BATPARS	Write the current settings to the BATPARS.XML file	
	Delete BATPARS	RS Delete the BATPARS.XML file from the SD card	
	Format SD Card	Format the SD card Delete all recordings, meta-data and files from the SD card. Only BATPARS.XML and BATREC.LOG files will not be deleted. CAUTION: All data on the SD card will be deleted. Make sure that you have made a backup.	
	Test SD Card		

Setup 6/7 Miscellaneous			Various settings	
	Set Date/Time		Set date and time	
		TIMEMODE	0 = Manual: Date and time can be set manually 1 = Auto GPS: Date and time is set automatically on GPS reception	1
	Backlight value		Set the display backlight brightness used during recording in % 0100% (except in recording mode, the display backlight is always bright; in sleep mode the light is always off)	10
	Display mode <sup>A</sup>		Set the display mode during recording mode0 = Auto All:Cycle all information fields1 = Auto Rec:Show: recording information, time, battery; cycle: temp., GPS, SD card2 = Auto GPS:Show: location information time, battery; cycle: temp., #recs, SD card3 = Custom:Setup displayed fields yourself (see chapter 5.6)	O
	Charger mode <sup>A</sup>		0 = Charge always if power supply is plugged in 1 = Disconnect power supply (charging) during recording to minimize electrical noise	0
	Device Lock (Theft protection)		Change device lock mode and PIN	
		Device Lock Mode	Off: Device is always operable On: Device is operable only after entering correct PIN (see also page 10)	Off
		Device PIN	PIN (Personal Identification Number) can be freely selected by the user and must be 46 digits. PIN must be confirmed by entering it again.	
			ATTENTION: Write the PIN down and keep it in a secret and secure place. If the PIN is lost, the device must be unblocked with the PUK. Contact Elekon AG to get the PUK.	
	Load Defaults		Set settings back to factory defaults	
	SETUP_DISABLED (only changeable via BATPARS.XML)		Disable setup menu 0 = Setup menu is accessible 1 = Setup menu is locked, no configuration changes can be done on the device	
Setup 7/7 Exit Setup		- /	Exit Setup menu and save changes	
	Save to BATPARS		Write settings to BATPARS.XML file and exit Setup menu	
	Save to int.Mem		Write settings to internal memory and exit Setup menu If the BATPARS.XML file exists on the SD card, those settings will be loaded on the next	

	start of the BATLOGGER.	
Discard changes	Discard changes and exit Setup menu	

# 8 Recordings and Files

#### 8.1 The audio data file "xxxxxxx.wav" (e.g. 10160435.wav)

After completion of recording into internal RAM, the stored data is written as standard audio WAVE file onto the inserted SD card with the file name "xxxxxxx.wav". (e.g. 10160435.wav) The first four digits identify the serial number of the BATLOGGER and the following four digits exhibit the

consecutive number of the recorded files on the inserted SD card.

The above example therefore identifies the 435<sup>th</sup> recording on this SD card of the BATLOGGER with the serial number 1016.

The \*.wav file contains all the uncompressed raw measurement values of the analog to digital converter and a "header", which is specific to the wave format. This "header" contains, amongst other information, the sampling rate of the digitiser.

Concurrent with these recorded wave data, a file containing meta information about the recording (see below) is saved to SD card with the name \*.xml (in our example 10160435.xml).

The recordings can optionally be stored into subfolders (daily, weekly, monthly). See also on page 22.

The standard \*.wav files can be read and opened with general audio software or bat specific sound analysis programs. It may be displayed as time signal or spectrogram. The latter offers best possibilities to identify species.

Elekon AG offers a specific analysis software for Windows PCs: **BatExplorer**. It can be found on the included SD card or can be downloaded from <u>www.batlogger.com</u>.

WSL offers **BatScope**, a Mac software tool for management and preview of recorded data, which will eventually be extended to bat species identification: see <u>http://www.wsl.ch/fe/biodiversitaet/produkte/batscope/</u> or <u>bats@wsl.ch</u>

With every saved "xxxxxxx.wav" audio file, an additional information file "xxxxxxx.xml" is saved, following the same numbering convention, and containing various meta information on recording time, date, location, temperature and the BATLOGGER parameter settings.

Example of the content of an \*.xml meta information file:

<batrecord></batrecord>	The .xml info file contains the following information:
<firmware>2.0</firmware>	The firmware of the BATLOGGER was version 2.0
<sn>1016</sn>	The BATLOGGER's number was 1016 ( <b>S</b> erial <b>N</b> umber)
<filename>10160435.wav</filename>	The accompanying WAVE file is "10160435.wav"
<datetime>28.04.2010 21:31:29</datetime>	The recording happened on April, 28. 2010 at 21:31:29
<duration>2 Sec</duration>	The recording duration is 2 seconds
<samplerate>312500 Hz</samplerate>	The sampling rate was 312500 samples per second
<temperature>26 C</temperature>	The temperature when recording was 26° C
<battvoltage>3.92 V</battvoltage>	The battery voltage amounted to 3.92 V
<gps></gps>	
<valid>yes</valid>	The GPS information was valid
<position>47.056358 8.251432</position>	Lat & longitude of the rec. position in degrees (WGS84)
<altitude>475.299988 m</altitude>	Elevation above sea level was 475.3 m
<ch1903>661752/212022</ch1903>	The Swiss coordinates are 661752 / 212022 m (CH1903)
<hdop>1.140000</hdop>	The horizontal precision amounts to 1.14 (lower=better)
GPSTimestamp>19:31:20+2h	GPS time was 19:31:20 UTC + 2 h. for local time
<gpsage>9 Sec</gpsage>	The GPS "age" was 9 seconds (last positional reading)
(In case of invalid or missing GPS information, the ab <trigger></trigger>	ove section will just contain: <b><valid>never</valid></b> )
ATRIC MODES Create TRIC MODES	The trigger mode was est to "Creat"

<TRIG\_MODE>Crest</TRIG\_MODE> <Version>V1.0</Version> <Event>AutoTriggerd</Event> <PRETRIG\_TIME\_MS>500</PRETRIG\_TIME\_MS> <POSTTRIG\_TIME\_MS>1000</POSTTRIG\_TIME\_MS> <TRIG\_PAR0>6</TRIG\_PAR0> <TRIG\_PAR1>2</TRIG\_PAR1> <TRIG\_PAR2>2</TRIG\_PAR2> <TRIG\_PAR3>12</TRIG\_PAR3> <TrigValue0>6</TrigValue0> <TrigValue1>40</TrigValue1> <TrigValue2>263</TrigValue2> <TrigValue3>44</TrigValue3> </BatRecord> The trigger mode was set to "Crest" The version of the triggering algorithm was V1.0 The triggering was automatic, thus with the Crest routine Before the first trigger occurred, 0.5 s were recorded After the last trigger event, 1 s was additionally recorded The parameter "min.Crest" was set to 6 The parameter "min.RMS" was set to 2 The parameter "min.Peak" was set to 2 Trigger cutoff freq. was set to > than 12x1.22kHz=15 kHz Triggering Value of parameter TRIG\_PAR0 Triggering Value of parameter TRIG\_PAR1 Triggering Value of parameter TRIG\_PAR3

### 8.3 Parameter file "BATPARS.xml"

With any computer, the default values and settings of the BATLOGGER can be predefined and written to the parameter file. The file is stored on the SD card with the name "BatPars.xml". When the BATLOGGER is starting up, the file is read from SD card and the corresponding settings activated. Settings, that are changed interactively on the BATLOGGER are also saved to the "BATPARS.xml" file:

Exit Setup > Save to BATPARS

Optional changes can be applied until the next on/off cycle of the BATLOGGER only:

Exit Setup > Save to internal Memory

When formatting an SD card, the file "BATPARS .xml" will be read from SD card into the internal memory before formatting, and written back to SD card after formatting has finished.

Without the file "BATPARS .xml" on the SD card, the BATLOGGER starts with its internal "CMOS" parameters, which correspond to the values last set. When starting the BATLOGGERS up after a firmware update, the default parameters will be loaded.

To change the parameters conveniently on the computer the BATPARS Editor software can be executed and the "BATPARS.xml" file from the SD card can be opened. The parameters can now be adjusted to own preferences or factory settings can be restored. See also page 8.

The parameters can also be changed with a text editor software. The following example of a "BATPARS .xml" file shows the **default values**:

<batpars></batpars>	
<setup_disabled>0</setup_disabled>	* Setup - Menu – Locking (1=locked menu)
<timezone>2</timezone>	Time zone GMT + 2h
<timemode>1</timemode>	Set time 0=Manuell, 1=via GPS
<backlight_val>10</backlight_val>	Backlight brightness
<display_mode>0</display_mode>	Display mode during recording <sup>A</sup>
<charger_mode>0</charger_mode>	Disconnect power supply during recording <sup>A</sup>
<folder_mode>1</folder_mode>	Folders 0=none, 1=daily, 2=weekly, 3=monthly
<status_mode>0</status_mode>	Statusfile 0=off, 1=on
<gps_mode>1</gps_mode>	PS 0=off, 1=on, 2=on with GPX, 3=off with location
<gps_format>1</gps_format>	PS - coordinates – display format
<gps_interval>10</gps_interval>	Refresh positon every X s
<loc_lat>472000</loc_lat>	Latitude of manual location 1/10000°
<loc_lon>74000</loc_lon>	Longitude of manual location 1/10000°
<mictest_mode>0</mictest_mode>	Microphone test mode
<playback_speed>10</playback_speed>	Frequency divider rate (playback speed)
<playback_vol>2</playback_vol>	Loudness at the headphone jack/speaker <sup>₄</sup>
<playback_mode>0</playback_mode>	Playback mode_0=Pitch,1=Mixer
<monitoring>1</monitoring>	Live monitoring <sup>a</sup> 0=off, 1=on auto, 2=on manual
<squelch>0</squelch>	Mute live monitoring after n s w/o trigger <sup>A</sup> $0=off$
<pretrig_time_ms>500</pretrig_time_ms>	* Recording time before the first trigger in ms
<posttrig_time_ms>1000</posttrig_time_ms>	* Recording time after the last trigger in ms
<autotrig_maxtime_ms>20000</autotrig_maxtime_ms>	* Max. recording time per automatic trigger in ms
<pre><mantrig_maxtime_ms>53500</mantrig_maxtime_ms></pre>	* Max. recording time per manual trigger in ms
<pre><posttrig_ignore_s>0</posttrig_ignore_s></pre>	Ignore same freq for n seconds after last trigger
<trig_mode>2</trig_mode>	Trigger mode (Man/Cont/CrestAdv/Crest/Period/SD/Thr)
<trig_mode>2</trig_mode> <trig_autorec>1</trig_autorec>	Trigger mode (Man/Cont/CrestAdv/Crest/Period/SD/Thr) Autostart recording on trigger event
<trig_mode>2</trig_mode> <trig_autorec>1</trig_autorec> <trig_nrblocks>2</trig_nrblocks>	Trigger mode (Man/Cont/CrestAdv/Crest/Period/SD/Thr) Autostart recording on trigger event * Nr. of FFT blocks for check of valid trigger event.
<trig_mode>2</trig_mode> <trig_autorec>1</trig_autorec> <trig_nrblocks>2</trig_nrblocks> <trig_par0>6</trig_par0>	Trigger mode (Man/Cont/CrestAdv/Crest/Period/SD/Thr) Autostart recording on trigger event * Nr. of FFT blocks for check of valid trigger event. Crest: min. Crest factor for triggering
<trig_mode>2</trig_mode> <trig_autorec>1</trig_autorec> <trig_nrblocks>2</trig_nrblocks> <trig_par0>6</trig_par0> <trig_par1>2</trig_par1>	Trigger mode (Man/Cont/CrestAdv/Crest/Period/SD/Thr) Autostart recording on trigger event * Nr. of FFT blocks for check of valid trigger event. Crest: min. Crest factor for triggering Crest: min. RMS value for triggering
<trig_mode>2</trig_mode> <trig_autorec>1</trig_autorec> <trig_nrblocks>2</trig_nrblocks> <trig_par0>6</trig_par0> <trig_par1>2</trig_par1> <trig_par2>2</trig_par2>	Trigger mode (Man/Cont/CrestAdv/Crest/Period/SD/Thr) Autostart recording on trigger event * Nr. of FFT blocks for check of valid trigger event. Crest: min. Crest factor for triggering Crest: min. RMS value for triggering Crest: min. peak value for triggering
<trig_mode>2</trig_mode> <trig_autorec>1</trig_autorec> <trig_nrblocks>2</trig_nrblocks> <trig_par0>6</trig_par0> <trig_par1>2</trig_par1> <trig_par2>2</trig_par2> <trig_par3>6</trig_par3>	Trigger mode (Man/Cont/CrestAdv/Crest/Period/SD/Thr) Autostart recording on trigger event * Nr. of FFT blocks for check of valid trigger event. Crest: min. Crest factor for triggering Crest: min. RMS value for triggering Crest: min. peak value for triggering Crest: min. frequency for triggering (x 1,22 kHz)
<trig_mode>2</trig_mode> <trig_autorec>1</trig_autorec> <trig_nrblocks>2</trig_nrblocks> <trig_par0>6</trig_par0> <trig_par1>2</trig_par1> <trig_par2>2</trig_par2> <trig_par3>6</trig_par3> <trig_par4>8</trig_par4>	Trigger mode (Man/Cont/CrestAdv/Crest/Period/SD/Thr)Autostart recording on trigger event* Nr. of FFT blocks for check of valid trigger event.Crest: min. Crest factor for triggeringCrest: min. RMS value for triggeringCrest: min. peak value for triggeringCrest: min. frequency for triggeringCrest: min. frequency for triggering (x 1,22 kHz)Period: MN*SD of periods in test interval (ProdVal)
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<trig_mode>2</trig_mode> <trig_autorec>1</trig_autorec> <trig_nrblocks>2</trig_nrblocks> <trig_par0>6</trig_par0> <trig_par1>2</trig_par1> <trig_par2>2</trig_par2> <trig_par3>6</trig_par3> <trig_par4>8</trig_par4> <trig_par5>20</trig_par5> <trig_par6>7</trig_par6>	Trigger mode (Man/Cont/CrestAdv/Crest/Period/SD/Thr)Autostart recording on trigger event* Nr. of FFT blocks for check of valid trigger event.Crest: min. Crest factor for triggeringCrest: min. RMS value for triggeringCrest: min. peak value for triggeringCrest: min. frequency for triggering (x 1,22 kHz)Period: MN*SD of periods in test interval (ProdVal)Period: SD/MN of periods (*100) in test int. (DivVal)Crest Adv: min. Crest factor for triggering
<trig_mode>2</trig_mode> <trig_autorec>1</trig_autorec> <trig_nrblocks>2</trig_nrblocks> <trig_par0>6</trig_par0> <trig_par1>2</trig_par1> <trig_par2>2</trig_par2> <trig_par3>6</trig_par3> <trig_par4>8</trig_par4> <trig_par5>20</trig_par5> <trig_par6>7</trig_par6> <trig_par7>15</trig_par7>	Trigger mode (Man/Cont/CrestAdv/Crest/Period/SD/Thr)Autostart recording on trigger event* Nr. of FFT blocks for check of valid trigger event.Crest: min. Crest factor for triggeringCrest: min. RMS value for triggeringCrest: min. peak value for triggeringCrest: min. frequency for triggering (x 1,22 kHz)Period: MN*SD of periods in test interval (ProdVal)Period: SD/MN of periods (*100) in test int. (DivVal)Crest Adv. min. Crest factor for triggeringCrest Adv. min. frequency for triggeringCrest Adv. SD: min. frequency for triggering
<trig_mode>2</trig_mode> <trig_autorec>1</trig_autorec> <trig_nrblocks>2</trig_nrblocks> <trig_par0>6</trig_par0> <trig_par1>2</trig_par1> <trig_par2>2</trig_par2> <trig_par3>6</trig_par3> <trig_par4>8</trig_par4> <trig_par5>20</trig_par5> <trig_par6>7</trig_par6> <trig_par8>155</trig_par8>	Trigger mode (Man/Cont/CrestAdv/Crest/Period/SD/Thr)Autostart recording on trigger event* Nr. of FFT blocks for check of valid trigger event.Crest: min. Crest factor for triggeringCrest: min. RMS value for triggeringCrest: min. peak value for triggeringCrest: min. frequency for triggering (x 1,22 kHz)Period: MN*SD of periods in test interval (ProdVal)Period: SD/MN of periods (*100) in test int. (DivVal)Crest Adv: min. Crest factor for triggeringCrest Adv/SD: min. frequency for triggering in kHzCrest Adv/SD: max. frequency for triggering in kHz
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<trig_mode>2</trig_mode> <trig_autorec>1</trig_autorec> <trig_nrblocks>2</trig_nrblocks> <trig_par0>6</trig_par0> <trig_par1>2</trig_par1> <trig_par2>2</trig_par2> <trig_par3>6</trig_par3> <trig_par4>8</trig_par4> <trig_par5>20</trig_par5> <trig_par6>7</trig_par6> <trig_par8>155 <trig_par8>155</trig_par8> <trig_par9>5</trig_par9> <recdly_nrdays>0</recdly_nrdays></trig_par8>	Trigger mode (Man/Cont/CrestAdv/Crest/Period/SD/Thr)Autostart recording on trigger event* Nr. of FFT blocks for check of valid trigger event.Crest: min. Crest factor for triggeringCrest: min. RMS value for triggeringCrest: min. peak value for triggeringCrest: min. frequency for triggering (x 1,22 kHz)Period: MN*SD of periods in test interval (ProdVal)Period: SD/MN of periods (*100) in test int. (DivVal)Crest Adv: min. Crest factor for triggeringCrest Adv: min. frequency for triggering in kHzCrest Adv/SD: max. frequency for triggering in kHzSD: Sensitivity 1:High 10:LowNr. of days for time windowed recordings
<trig_mode>2</trig_mode> <trig_autorec>1</trig_autorec> <trig_nrblocks>2</trig_nrblocks> <trig_par0>6</trig_par0> <trig_par1>2</trig_par1> <trig_par2>2</trig_par2> <trig_par3>6</trig_par3> <trig_par4>8</trig_par4> <trig_par5>20</trig_par5> <trig_par6>7</trig_par6> <trig_par6>7 <trig_par8>155</trig_par8> <trig_par9>5</trig_par9> <recdly_nrdays>0</recdly_nrdays> &lt;<i>RECDLY_T1STARTMODE</i>&gt;0</trig_par6>	Trigger mode (Man/Cont/CrestAdv/Crest/Period/SD/Thr)Autostart recording on trigger event* Nr. of FFT blocks for check of valid trigger event.Crest: min. Crest factor for triggeringCrest: min. RMS value for triggeringCrest: min. peak value for triggeringCrest: min. frequency for triggering (x 1,22 kHz)Period: MN*SD of periods in test interval (ProdVal)Period: SD/MN of periods (*100) in test int. (DivVal)Crest Adv: min. Crest factor for triggeringCrest Adv: min. frequency for triggering in kHzCrest Adv/SD: max. frequency for triggering in kHzSD: Sensitivity 1:High 10:LowNr. of days for time windowed recordingsTime window mode:
<trig_mode>2</trig_mode> <trig_autorec>1</trig_autorec> <trig_nrblocks>2</trig_nrblocks> <trig_par0>6</trig_par0> <trig_par1>2</trig_par1> <trig_par2>2</trig_par2> <trig_par3>6</trig_par3> <trig_par4>8</trig_par4> <trig_par5>20</trig_par5> <trig_par6>7</trig_par6> <trig_par6>7</trig_par6> <trig_par8>155</trig_par8> <trig_par9>5 <recdly_nrdays>0</recdly_nrdays> <recdly_t1startmode>0</recdly_t1startmode></trig_par9>	Trigger mode (Man/Cont/CrestAdv/Crest/Period/SD/Thr)         Autostart recording on trigger event         * Nr. of FFT blocks for check of valid trigger event.         Crest: min. Crest factor for triggering         Crest: min. RMS value for triggering         Crest: min. peak value for triggering         Crest: min. frequency for triggering (x 1,22 kHz)         Period: MN*SD of periods in test interval (ProdVal)         Period: SD/MN of periods (*100) in test int. (DivVal)         Crest Adv: min. Crest factor for triggering         Crest Adv: min. frequency for triggering in kHz         Crest Adv/SD: max. frequency for triggering in kHz         SD: Sensitivity 1:High 10:Low         Nr. of days for time windowed recordings         Time window mode:         0=fixed
<trig_mode>2</trig_mode> <trig_autorec>1</trig_autorec> <trig_nrblocks>2</trig_nrblocks> <trig_par0>6</trig_par0> <trig_par1>2</trig_par1> <trig_par2>2</trig_par2> <trig_par3>6</trig_par3> <trig_par4>8</trig_par4> <trig_par5>20</trig_par5> <trig_par6>7</trig_par6> <trig_par6>7</trig_par6> <trig_par8>155</trig_par8> <trig_par9>5 <recdly_nrdays>0</recdly_nrdays> <recdly_t1startmode>0 <recdly_t2startmode>0</recdly_t2startmode></recdly_t1startmode></trig_par9>	Trigger mode (Man/Cont/CrestAdv/Crest/Period/SD/Thr)         Autostart recording on trigger event         * Nr. of FFT blocks for check of valid trigger event.         Crest: min. Crest factor for triggering         Crest: min. RMS value for triggering         Crest: min. peak value for triggering         Crest: min. frequency for triggering (x 1,22 kHz)         Period: MN*SD of periods in test interval (ProdVal)         Period: SD/MN of periods (*100) in test int. (DivVal)         Crest Adv: min. Crest factor for triggering         Crest Adv: min. frequency for triggering in kHz         Crest Adv/SD: max. frequency for triggering in kHz         SD: Sensitivity 1:High 10:Low         Nr. of days for time windowed recordings         Time window mode:         0=fixed         1=sunset
<trig_mode>2</trig_mode> <trig_autorec>1</trig_autorec> <trig_nrblocks>2</trig_nrblocks> <trig_par0>6</trig_par0> <trig_par1>2</trig_par1> <trig_par2>2</trig_par2> <trig_par3>6</trig_par3> <trig_par4>8</trig_par4> <trig_par5>20</trig_par5> <trig_par6>7</trig_par6> <trig_par8>155 <trig_par8>155</trig_par8> <trig_par9>5</trig_par9></trig_par8> <trig_par9>0 <recdly_t1startmode>0</recdly_t1startmode> <recdly_t2startmode>0</recdly_t2startmode> <recdly_t2stopmode>0</recdly_t2stopmode></trig_par9>	Trigger mode (Man/Cont/CrestAdv/Crest/Period/SD/Thr)         Autostart recording on trigger event         * Nr. of FFT blocks for check of valid trigger event.         Crest: min. Crest factor for triggering         Crest: min. RMS value for triggering         Crest: min. peak value for triggering         Crest: min. frequency for triggering (x 1,22 kHz)         Period: MN*SD of periods in test interval (ProdVal)         Period: SD/MN of periods (*100) in test int. (DivVal)         Crest Adv: min. Crest factor for triggering         Crest Adv: min. frequency for triggering in kHz         Crest Adv/SD: max. frequency for triggering in kHz         SD: Sensitivity 1:High 10:Low         Nr. of days for time windowed recordings         Time window mode:         0=fixed         1=sunset         2=sunrise
<trig_mode>2</trig_mode> <trig_autorec>1</trig_autorec> <trig_nrblocks>2</trig_nrblocks> <trig_par0>6</trig_par0> <trig_par1>2</trig_par1> <trig_par2>2</trig_par2> <trig_par3>6</trig_par3> <trig_par4>8</trig_par4> <trig_par4>8 <trig_par6>7</trig_par6> <trig_par8>155 <trig_par8>155</trig_par8> <trig_par9>5</trig_par9></trig_par8> <trig_par9>0 <recdly_nrdays>0 <recdly_t2startmode>0</recdly_t2startmode> <recdly_t2stopmode>0</recdly_t2stopmode> <recdly_t1startmode>0 <recdly_t1start>00:00</recdly_t1start></recdly_t1startmode></recdly_nrdays></trig_par9></trig_par4>	Trigger mode (Man/Cont/CrestAdv/Crest/Period/SD/Thr)         Autostart recording on trigger event         * Nr. of FFT blocks for check of valid trigger event.         Crest: min. Crest factor for triggering         Crest: min. RMS value for triggering         Crest: min. peak value for triggering         Crest: min. frequency for triggering (x 1,22 kHz)         Period: MN*SD of periods in test interval (ProdVal)         Period: SD/MN of periods (*100) in test int. (DivVal)         Crest Adv: min. Crest factor for triggering         Crest Adv: min. frequency for triggering in kHz         Crest Adv/SD: max. frequency for triggering in kHz         SD: Sensitivity 1:High 10:Low         Nr. of days for time windowed recordings         Time window mode:         0=fixed         1=sunset         2=sunrise         Start time 1, start of 1 <sup>st</sup> time window
<trig_mode>2</trig_mode> <trig_autorec>1</trig_autorec> <trig_nrblocks>2</trig_nrblocks> <trig_par0>6</trig_par0> <trig_par1>2</trig_par1> <trig_par2>2</trig_par2> <trig_par3>6</trig_par3> <trig_par4>8</trig_par4> <trig_par5>20</trig_par5> <trig_par6>7</trig_par6> <trig_par8>155 <trig_par8>155</trig_par8> <trig_par9>5</trig_par9></trig_par8> <trig_par9>0 <recdly_nrdays>0</recdly_nrdays> <recdly_t1startmode>0</recdly_t1startmode> <recdly_t2startmode>0</recdly_t2startmode> <recdly_t1startmode>0 <recdly_t1start>00:00</recdly_t1start> <recdly_t1stop>00:00</recdly_t1stop></recdly_t1startmode></trig_par9>	Trigger mode (Man/Cont/CrestAdv/Crest/Period/SD/Thr)         Autostart recording on trigger event         * Nr. of FFT blocks for check of valid trigger event.         Crest: min. Crest factor for triggering         Crest: min. RMS value for triggering         Crest: min. peak value for triggering         Crest: min. frequency for triggering (x 1,22 kHz)         Period: MN*SD of periods in test interval (ProdVal)         Period: SD/MN of periods (*100) in test int. (DivVal)         Crest Adv: min. Crest factor for triggering         Crest Adv: min. frequency for triggering in kHz         Crest Adv/SD: max. frequency for triggering in kHz         SD: Sensitivity 1:High 10:Low         Nr. of days for time windowed recordings         Time window mode:         0=fixed         1=sunset         2=sunrise         Start time 1, start of 1 <sup>st</sup> time window         Stop time 1, end of 1 <sup>st</sup> time window
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<trig_mode>2</trig_mode> <trig_autorec>1</trig_autorec> <trig_nrblocks>2</trig_nrblocks> <trig_par0>6</trig_par0> <trig_par1>2</trig_par1> <trig_par2>2</trig_par2> <trig_par3>6</trig_par3> <trig_par4>8</trig_par4> <trig_par4>8 <trig_par6>7</trig_par6> <trig_par6>7 <trig_par8>155</trig_par8> <trig_par9>5 <trig_par9>0 <recdly_nrdays>0</recdly_nrdays> <recdly_t1startmode>0</recdly_t1startmode> <recdly_t2startmode>0</recdly_t2startmode> <recdly_t1startmode>0 <recdly_t1startmode>0</recdly_t1startmode> <recdly_t1startmode>0 <recdly_t1startmode>0 <recdly_t1startnode>0 <recdly_t1stopnode>0 <recdly_t1stopnode>00:00 <recdly_t2start>00:00</recdly_t2start> <recdly_t2stop>00:00</recdly_t2stop></recdly_t1stopnode></recdly_t1stopnode></recdly_t1startnode></recdly_t1startmode></recdly_t1startmode></recdly_t1startmode></trig_par9></trig_par9></trig_par6></trig_par4>	Trigger mode (Man/Cont/CrestAdv/Crest/Period/SD/Thr)         Autostart recording on trigger event         * Nr. of FFT blocks for check of valid trigger event.         Crest: min. Crest factor for triggering         Crest: min. RMS value for triggering         Crest: min. peak value for triggering         Crest: min. peak value for triggering (x 1,22 kHz)         Period: MN*SD of periods in test interval (ProdVal)         Period: SD/MN of periods (*100) in test int. (DivVal)         Crest Adv: min. Crest factor for triggering         Crest Adv: min. frequency for triggering in kHz         Crest Adv/SD: max. frequency for triggering in kHz         SD: Sensitivity 1:High 10:Low         Nr. of days for time windowed recordings         Time window mode:         0=fixed         1=sunset         2=sunrise         Start time 1, start of 1 <sup>st</sup> time window         Stop time 1, end of 1 <sup>st</sup> time window         Start time 2, start of 2 <sup>nd</sup> time window         Stop time 2, end of 2 <sup>nd</sup> time window
<trig_mode>2</trig_mode> <trig_autorec>1</trig_autorec> <trig_nrblocks>2</trig_nrblocks> <trig_par0>6</trig_par0> <trig_par1>2</trig_par1> <trig_par2>2</trig_par2> <trig_par3>6</trig_par3> <trig_par4>8</trig_par4> <trig_par5>20</trig_par5> <trig_par6>7</trig_par6> <trig_par6>7</trig_par6> <trig_par8>155</trig_par8> <trig_par9>5 <trig_par9>0 <recdly_nrdays>0</recdly_nrdays> <recdly_t1startmode>0</recdly_t1startmode> <recdly_t2startmode>0</recdly_t2startmode> <recdly_t1startmode>0 <recdly_t1startmode>0</recdly_t1startmode> <recdly_t1startmode>0 <recdly_t1startmode>0</recdly_t1startmode> <recdly_t1startmode>0 <recdly_t1startnode>0<recdly_t1start>00:00 <recdly_t1start>00:00</recdly_t1start></recdly_t1start></recdly_t1startnode></recdly_t1startmode></recdly_t1startmode></recdly_t1startmode></trig_par9></trig_par9>	Trigger mode (Man/Cont/CrestAdv/Crest/Period/SD/Thr)         Autostart recording on trigger event         * Nr. of FFT blocks for check of valid trigger event.         Crest: min. Crest factor for triggering         Crest: min. RMS value for triggering         Crest: min. peak value for triggering         Crest: min. peak value for triggering         Crest: min. frequency for triggering (x 1,22 kHz)         Period: MN*SD of periods in test interval (ProdVal)         Period: SD/MN of periods (*100) in test int. (DivVal)         Crest Adv: min. Crest factor for triggering         Crest Adv: min. frequency for triggering in kHz         Crest Adv/SD: max. frequency for triggering in kHz         SD: Sensitivity 1:High 10:Low         Nr. of days for time windowed recordings         Time window mode:         0=fixed         1=sunset         2=sunrise         Start time 1, start of 1 <sup>st</sup> time window         Stop time 1, end of 1 <sup>st</sup> time window         Start time 2, start of 2 <sup>nd</sup> time window

\* identifies parameters, that can only be set by changing the values in the file "BatPars.xml". They are not accessible through the setup menu.

## 8.4 Log file "BATREC.log"

When in use, the BATLOGGER automatically writes a log file "BATREC.log" in text format to the SD card. Every text line is preceded by the serial number (SN) of the BATLOGGER writing the log. When changing the SD card to another logger, or removing it and re-inserting it again, the log file will be extended and new log information appended to the "BATREC.log" file. Deleting WAVE files through the menu of the BATLOGGER does not affect the "BATREC.log" file.

However, formatting the SD card will also erase the "BATREC.log" file!

In the file "BATREC.log", all activities of the BATLOGGER are listed chronologically.

Events like starting up or shutting down the BATLOGGER are logged accurate to the minute, while logging of the normal recording activity only happens every 15 minutes.

SN1021 22.07.2009 21:37 - power on SN1021 22.07.2009 21:37 - record mode started SN1021 22.07.2009 21:37 - record mode stopped by user SN1021 22.07.2009 21:42 - record mode started SN1021 22.07.2009 23:45 - listening T = 21 VB = 3.912 SN1021 23.07.2009 00:00 - listening T = 20 VB = 3.908 SN1021 23.07.2009 00:15 - listening T = 19 VB = 3.905 (3.912V) SN1021 23.07.2009 00:30 - listening T = 19 VB = 3.905 SN1021 23.07.2009 00:45 - sleeping SN1021 23.07.2009 02:45? - wakeup time reached SN1021 23.07.2009 02:45? - listening T = 17 VB = 3.891 SN1021 23.07.2009 03:00 - listening T = 17 VB = 3.886 SN1021 23.07.2009 03:15 - listening T = 16 VB = 3.882 SN1021 23.07.2009 03:30 - listening T = 16 VB = 3.877 SN1021 23.07.2009 03:45 - listening T = 16 VB = 3.871 SN1021 23.07.2009 04:00 - listening T = 15 VB = 3.865 SN1021 23.07.2009 04:15 - listening T = 15 VB = 3.860 SN1021 23.07.2009 04:30 - listening T = 15 VB = 3.856 SN1021 23.07.2009 04:45 - listening T = 15 VB = 3.852 SN1021 23.07.2009 05:00 - listening T = 15 VB = 3.847 SN1021 23.07.2009 05:15 - listening T = 15 VB = 3.843 SN1021 23.07.2009 05:30 - listening T = 16 VB = 3.838 SN1021 23.07.2009 05:45 - listening T = 16 VB = 3.833 SN1021 23.07.2009 05:55 - shutdown

BATLOGGER #1021 was switched on Recording started Recording cancelled by user Recording started again BATLOGGER is in recording mode and waiting for a triggering event, with indication of temperature (21°C) and battery voltage

The BATLOGGER went into sleep mode Automatic wake-up after sleep mode *?:* no valid GPS signal found (time is taken from internal clock in this case)

The BATLOGGER was shut down

Example of a quick startup of the logger with the manual triggering and cancelling of a recording: SN1021 25.07.2009 19:47? - power on SN1021 25.07.2009 19:47? - record mode started SN1021 25.07.2009 19:47? - record mode stopped by user SN1021 25.07.2009 19:47? - shutdown

Example of another message that may appear: SN1021 25.07.2009 19:47? - microphone removed

In interval mode, the pausing will be indicated with the following entry: SN1021 27.07.2009 02:45 - snooze

### 8.5 Google-Earth file "route.kml"

When in use, the BATLOGGER automatically stores a Google-Earth file with the name "route.kml" onto the SD card, which will be extended with every additional recording. If the SD card is used repeatedly (eject, reinsert) the "route.kml" will not be erased, but also extended.

Deleting WAVE files through the menu of the BATLOGGER does not affect the "route.kml" file.

However, formatting the SD card will also erase the "route.kml file!

In the file "route.kml", all recording positions of the BATLOGGER with "valid" GPS data are listed chronologically.

#### 8.6 Track file "xxxxxxx.gpx" (e.g. 10160435.gpx)

Optionally, the track travelled can be recorded. This requires that the GPS mode is set to 2. In this mode a GPX file is with the current record number created (e.g. 10160435.gpx) and then the current GPS position is recorded continuously. The sampling rage can be set using the "GPS\_INTERVAL" parameter. The track recording is stopped when the recording mode is exited. When recording mode is restarted a new GPX file is created, or, if no audio recording was made since last start, the existing GPX file is continued. The GPX file contains the route taken as so-called track. It is based on the XML standard and can be opened with Google Earth for example or most major GIS software.

# 9 Technical specifications

Dimension				
Size (B x H x T)	80 x 155 x 38 mm			
Weight	370g			
Size of case (B x H x T)	330 x 280 x 75 mm			
Power				
Power supply	3.7V 4600 mAh Li-lon battery (internal)			
Power consumption when recording				σ
	approx. 230 mA			) car
Power consumption in sleep mode	approx. 10 mA			n SI
Operating time (recording)	approx. 18 h per battery charge			Select / setup via parameter file on SD card
Operating time (sleep mode)	approx. 400 h per battery charge			eter f
Charger / Charging			s	rame
Charger (included)	Wall power supply 12 VDC (100-240 VAC)		ake	a pa
Charging socket (voltage, capacity)	9 V DC to 15 V DC, min. 5 W	œ	p vi	p vi
Battery charge	I- /U-charge with 750 mA / 4.2 V	valu	setu	setu
Cahrging duration	approx. 7 h (full charge)	Default values	Select / setup via keys	ect /
Recording ultrasound		Def	Sel	Sel
Sampling rate	312.5 kHz			
Amplitude resolution	16 bits (ADC)			
Sensitivity range	10 – 150 kHz			
Trigger modes	Manual, Continuous, Crest Adv, Crest, Period, <mark>SD</mark>	Crest Adv	x	x
Frequency trigger (Crest) 4 parameters	Crestfaktor / RMS / Peakwert / HochPass	6/2/2/6	Х	х
Frequency trigger (Crest Adv) 3 param.	Crestfaktor / min. F / max. F	7 / 15 / 155	Х	X
Period trigger 2 parameters	mnPer / sdPer	8 / 20	Х	х
SD trigger 3 parameters	min. F / max. F / Sensitivity	<mark>15 / 155 / 5</mark>	х	x
Rec. duration after trigger (post-trigger)	0 – 10 sec @ 312.5 kHz SR	1 s		x
Rec. duration before trigger (pre-trigger)	0 – 5 sec @ 312.5 kHz SR	0.5 s		x
Rec. duration with manual trigger	0 – 53.5 sec @ 312.5 kHz SR	53.5 s		x
Rec. duration with continuous trigger	0 – 53.5 sec @ 312.5 kHz SR	20 s		x
Two time windows programmable per day for r	<b>.</b>	None set	X	X
Recording in intervals in time windows with pre	eset pause times (number of minutes)	0 = no int.	X	X
Additional measurements (Position, time, te	emperature)			
Position	GPS (coordinates / elev. meters .a.s.l / time) GPS reception GLONASS reception <sup>A</sup>			
GPS mode	on / off	on	X	x
Temperature reading	Resolution 1°C (internal / plug-in mic.)			
Audio				
Microphone	Electret microphone			
Speaker <sup>A</sup>	Piezo, 90dB			
Audio output	Headphone (3.5 mm mini jack/ 2 ch. mono)			
Data storage				
Storage media	SD/SDHC/SDXC card (SD 2.0) max. 128 GB FAT32 formatted			
Length of single "calls" sequences	0 – 53.5 sec per file @ 312.5 kHz SR	max 53.5s		
Recording per GigaByte	approx. 25 minutes (real time)			
Analysis				
Data transfer from SD card				
-	*.wav and *.xml			

A Only certain models, see also 2.2 Device variants

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